

MNRI® and Reflex Neuromodulation for Neurodevelopment















## Masgutova Method® of Neurosensorimotor Reflex Integration (MNRI®)



The Masgutova Method® is a set of programs focused on the restoration and maturation of primary sensory-motor patterns, reflexes, and skills for optimal performance of developmental mechanisms and brain functioning.

 Interdisciplinary Non-invasive Non-verbal Friendly Researched

900



❖ SVETLANA MASGUTOVA EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE for Neuro-Sensory-Motor and Reflex Integration, LLC











## Masgutova Method® of Neurosensorimotor Reflex Integration (MNRI®)



- 1. Neurodevelopment and immunity
- 2. Resilience to stress (HPA and SAM-stress-axis)
- 3. Neuroplasticity

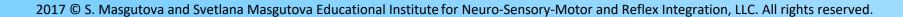
The Mission of the MNRI® Program is to provide individuals reliable knowledge and safe tools for the use of natural, genetic sensory-motor resources to facilitate successful neurodevelopment, stress-management and successful learning.

Therapy Modality object/subject: Neurosensorimotor reflex integration

MNRI® Program Approach:

The Neurosensorimotor reflex is
the unit of:

- ✓ The nerve system functioning (Sechenov, 1861/1960; Pavlov, 1925/1960; Sherrington, 1947; Luria, 1966),
- ✓ Resilience, survival,
- ✓ Sensory-motor integrity,
- ✓ Neurodevelopment.





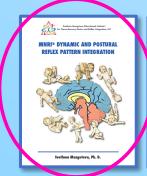


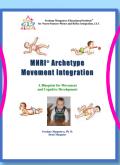




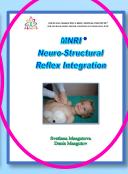


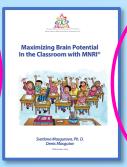


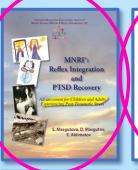


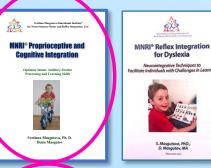




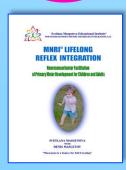




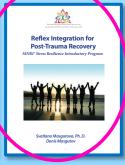














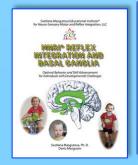


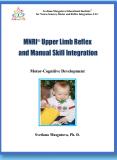


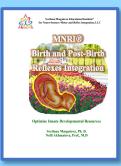






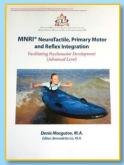


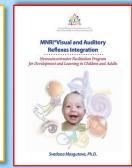


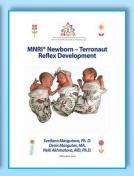
























### Our Experience of Work with the MNRI® program: Facts

- ✓ The MNRI® Program was utilized by Dr. S. Masgutova and MNRI leading clinics in the USA, Poland (and also the Netherlands, Australia, Indonesia, and Russia) in therapeutic work with over 300,000 children (0-19 y.o) and 80,000 adults with different diagnosis: CP, TBI, & ABI, ASD and Asperger's, ADD & ADHD, Genetic disorders, PTSD and Post-Traumatic Stress, Birth Stress, HIE, NFD, Learning challenges (Dyslexia and Speech Delay), etc.
- ✓ Dr. Masgutova's personal work with the use of the MNRI® Reflex Assessment was conducted for 42,000 individuals.
- ✓ Over 46,000 Children and Adults (aged 2-21 y.o.) with Post Trauma and PTSD in 27 countries (1986-2021) received the MNRI® services of our specialists.
- ✓ 938 individual with PTS/D went through the research of *the MNRI® Effect on Post-Trauma*.
- ✓ The work on Reflex Integration Program is used by trained Specialists PTs, OTs, SLPs, Psychologists, Medical professionals, Special Educators and from other supporting disciplines in 40 countries: the USA, Poland, the Netherlands, France, Belgium, Russia, Australia, Sweden, Slovenia, Indonesia, Canada, Croatia, Denmark, Africa, Egypt, Israel, and others.















### MNRI® Clinics and Conferences are organized for children and adults with challenges:

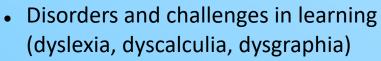




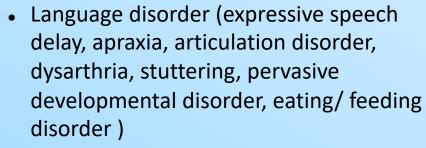
- Autism, Asperger syndrome
- Cerebral Palsy
- Hyperactivity (ADHD, ADD)
- Traumatic brain injury

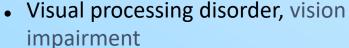


- Genetic disorders
   (Down, Prader-Willi and other)
- Epilepsy/seizure disorder (Rett Syndrome)



- Intellectual development challenges
- Emotional disorders (anxiety, obsessive compulsive disorder, depression)
- Tic disorder/Tourette's
- Dyspraxia and gross and fine motor delay





- Attachment disorder (oppositional defiance disorder)
- Auditory processing disorder, hearing impairment
- FAS
- Post-Stroke
- Alzheimer's (Dementia)
- Parkinson's
- Post-birth Stress
- Other



























8. Neurotransmitters

(NE IRB approved Study 2016-2017) (n=131)

1. Objective brain methods EEG, EEGR, QEEG, Brain Mapping, Evoked Brain Potential, EMG(n=908)

2. PT, OT, SP, **Psychology, Physicals** 

(Keiser Hospital, Neurology dep. 2011; NE IRB approved 2011-2012, 2013) (n=174)

7. Brain Mapping

(NE IRB approved Study 2016-2017) (n=230)

Reflex **Integration** Research

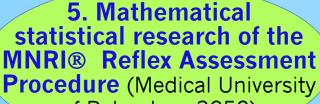
3. Immunology

(n=769), among them:

- Bronchitis (n=579=196+383)
- Down Syndrome (n=144=54+49+42)
  - Herpes (n=166=46+45)
    - Autism (n=125)

6. Physicals

(NE IRB approved Study 2016-2017) (n=310)



of Poland; n=3250)

4. MNRI® research tor symptomatic groups

- Cerebral Palsy (598);
  - Down Syndrome

(n=246=38+54+49+48+57):

- Autism (n=1142=524+484+134)
  - **Trauma & PTSD** (n=938)









Gentle, Rapid, and Effective Treatment with Reflex Integration







MNRI® Reflex Integration for Daily Well-Being





SVETLANA MASGUTOVA EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE®

Reflexes: Portal to Neurodevelopment

and Learning



The MNRI® Exercises Guide

New book on MNRI® research, case studies and success stories is published in 2015-2016. The MNRI® Exercises Guide for Stress and Trauma Recovery

The MNRI® Exercises Guide for Stress and Trauma Recovery

MNRI®: Definition of **Protection and Survival** Mechanism

A New CHOICE THROUGH

NATURAL DEVELOPMENTAL MOVEMENTS

SVETLANA MASGUTOVA PH.D.

PAMELA CURLEE











### WHAT IS A REFLEX?





**A REFLEX** *is a Unit of the Nervous System* (I. Sechenov, 1863/1961; Pavlov, 1925/1960; Ch. Sherrington, 1947), *and Neurodevelopment, and Sensory-Motor Integration* 

- ✓ It "trains" the encoded way of the nerve tracts, bringing a wide spectrum of stimuli via sensory axons, reaches processing on the level of the CNS and allows to move the output via motor neurons to working organs (I. Sechenov, 1863/1961; Pavlov, 1925/1960; Ch. Sherrington, 1947).
- ✓ A Reflex "trains" functions of excitation and inhibition.
- ✓ It serves as the basis for the development of the extrapyramidal and pyramidal system functions.
- ✓ It has its own developmental dynamic, which the basis for neurodevelopment of an infant and toddler.





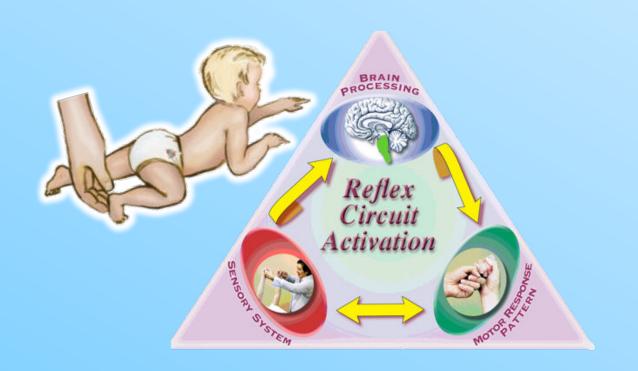








WHAT IS A REFLEX?















WHAT IS A REFLEX?

The genetic/epigenetic inherent automatic response, unit of the central nervous system for















### WHAT IS A REFLEX?

The genetic/epigenetic inherent automatic response, unit of the central nervous system for

BRAIN

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Adequate and specific stimulus (tactile, visual, auditory, vestibular, proprioceptive, or olfactory)











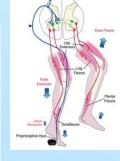




### WHAT IS A REFLEX?

The genetic/epigenetic inherent automatic response, unit of the central nervous system for





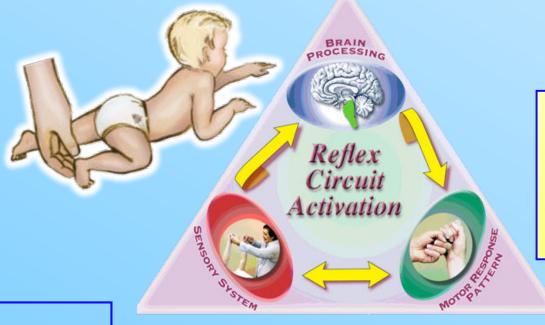












Proper - adequate and specific reaction (motor/postural/glandular/ pupillary/ tympanic membrane)



Adequate and specific stimulus (tactile, visual, auditory, vestibular, proprioceptive, or olfactory)













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The genetic/epigenetic inherent automatic response, unit of the central nervous system for



















Proper - adequate and specific reaction (motor/postural/glandular/ pupillary/ tympanic membrane)



Adequate and specific stimulus (tactile, visual, auditory, vestibular, proprioceptive, or olfactory)

Activating the protection and survival strategy of the organism and thus, the SAM (sympathetic-adrenalmedullary), and HPA-stress axis (hypothalamuspituitary gland-adrenals).

**Physiological Mechanism of Stress** 

